Germany

The largest economy in the EU and the third-largest economy globally, following the U.S. and China

Population

million

Average age

Plant-based meat sales value in 2024 (EUR)

759 million

Growth over 2022



Growth over 2023

7.8%



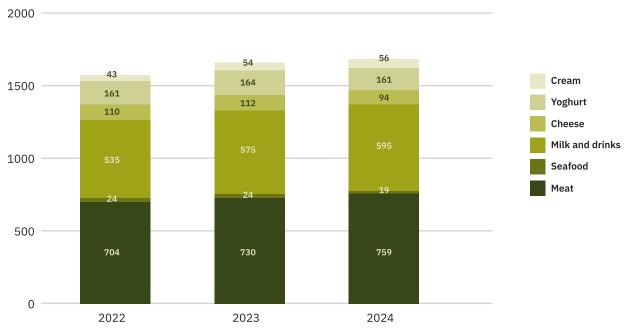
01 Market size

The German plant-based market, the largest in Europe, is seeing ongoing increases in unit sales and sales volume, driven by rising sales of relatively affordable private-label products.

- of EUR 1.7 billion in 2024 across six categories: meat, seafood, milk and drinks, cheese, yoghurt, and cream. Sales value increased by 1.5% and volume by 7% over 2023. The relatively smaller increase in sales value is driven by private-label products (those sold under the brand of a retailer with a lower price point compared to other brands).
- Plant-based meat sales recorded a sales value of <u>EUR 759 million</u> in 2024. This is a growth of 7.8% over 2022 and 3.9% over 2023.

- Plant-based meat accounts for 4.5% of sales value of all pre-packaged foods in the country.
- The market for plant-based seafood (eg, plant-based fish) in Germany has declined significantly. Following a peak in annual sales value at <u>EUR</u> <u>24.4 million</u> in 2023, sales value fell by 23.9% between 2023 and 2024.
- In the German market, plant-based meat options that mimic familiar 'meaty' formats are significantly more popular than tofu, tempeh, and seitan, trailing behind with <u>EUR 75</u> <u>million</u> in sales in 2024.

Plant-based food sales value by category in Germany, 2022-2024 (€ millions)



Source: Germany plant-based food retail market insights, 2022-2024



02 Consumer profile and demand

- 3% of the German population adheres to a vegan diet, 9% maintain a vegetarian diet, and 41% identify as flexitarian, indicating occasional consumption of meat.
- 46% of German consumers express a desire to reduce their consumption of animal-derived products within the next two years, and 30% intend to increase their intake of plantbased meat alternatives over the same period.
- <u>47% of consumers</u> agree that German policymakers should implement

- measures to expand the availability of plant-based options in public canteens, including those in schools and hospitals.
- In 2024, 32% of German households purchased plant-based meat alternatives at least once, and 15% of households made multiple purchases of such products, demonstrating substantial uptake. Penetration and repeat purchase rates remained stable in the last three years.

Household purchase patterns for plant-based foods in Germany, 2022-2024

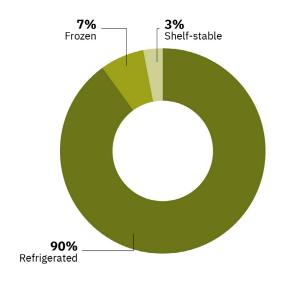
Germany	% buying at least once per year			% buying 6 or more times per year			% buying 12 or more times per year			% of sales value from discounter stores		
	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
Plant-based meat	32.6%	32.7%	32.2%	14.8%	15.3%	14.9%	9.8%	10.3%	9.7%	32.9%	33.3%	33.0%

Data source: NIQ Homescan Consumer Panel. Data is nationally representative of the household population in Germany. The data covers 'Take Home' shopping and comes from a sample of 20,000 households. Data covers "plant-based meat substitutes" and "plant-based milk."



03 Product formats in the market

Contribution to sales volume 2024 by storage condition

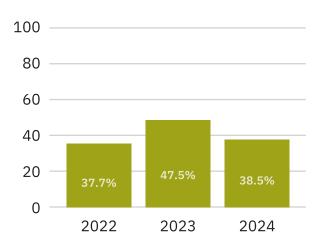


By format

- Schnitzel/medallions, meatballs slices/ strips/cubes are the most popular formats within the plant-based meat segment.
- Plant-based seafood consumption trends indicate a preference for fish sticks and salmon formats.

Branded vs. private-labels

• In 2022, private-label products constituted **37.7%** of sales volume, rising to **47.5%** in 2023. However, this trend reversed in 2024, with the proportion of private-label products declining to **38.5%**. The average price of private-label plant-based seafood in 2024 likely exceeded that of branded alternatives, leading to this decrease.

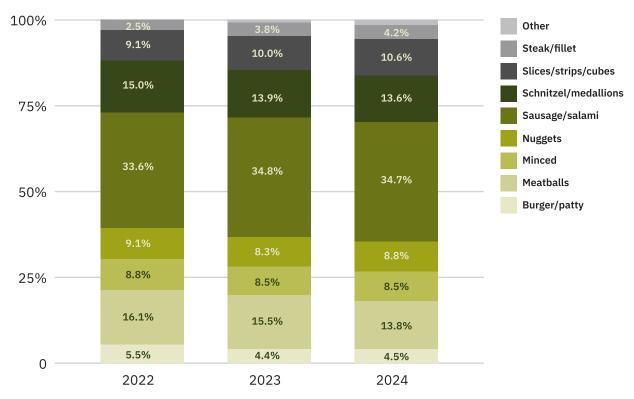


Pricing

 Plant-based meat commands a 45% price premium over animal-derived meat, with an average price of EUR 14.1 per kilogram. Notably, this price differential has exhibited a consistent annual decline, decreasing from a 65% premium in 2021 to a 45% premium in 2024.



Germany plant-based meat sales by format, 2022-2024 (% of sales volume)



Source: Germany plant-based food retail market insights, 2022-2024

04 Key players in the market

- In a survey carried out in July 2024, 78% of German consumers demonstrated awareness of the Rügenwalder Mühle brand. This entity, formerly recognised for its meat products, now receives over 50% of its revenue from meat substitute sales, establishing itself as a consistent presence in German retail grocery outlets.
- Alnatura and Iglo (Green Cuisine)
 rank as the second- and third-most

- recognised meat substitute brands within the German market, with 75% and 60% of survey respondents reporting their awareness of the brands, respectively.
- Other brands with notable market presence include Garden Gourmet, My Best Veggies, Veganz, Like Meat, Beyond Meat, and The Vegetarian Butcher.



Established industry players invested in alternative proteins



⁰⁵ Key channels

Retail

- In Germany, supermarkets, followed by discount stores, are the <u>principal</u> <u>retail formats</u> for grocery purchases. Other significant channels include organic supermarkets, convenience stores, farmers' markets, online supermarkets, and specialised retailers.
- The four largest retail conglomerates, specifically Edeka-Group, Rewe-Group, Schwarz-Group, and Aldi-Group, account for roughly 74.5% of the total revenue, as per data from the USDA. Notable online food retailers operating in Germany include Amazon, Getnow, and Picnic.

Food service industry

- The food service industry represents

 a substantial market, with sales
 reaching USD 91.3 billion in 2023,
 as reported by the German Hotel and
 Restaurant Association (DEHOGA).
- The German food service trade relies primarily on two distribution channels: cash-and-carry wholesalers and specialised distributors.
- Cash-and-carry wholesalers operate large retail outlets that offer a wide range of food and non-food products, catering to retailers, restaurants, and other food service providers.
- Specialised distributors—equipped with dry and cold storage facilities and refrigerated and frozen transport—source goods from processing companies, importers, and international exporters.



- To ensure nationwide coverage, regional distributors collaborate in associations such as Intergast and Service-Bund. Several of these distributors host biannual or annual in-house food exhibitions, presenting suppliers with opportunities to display their products to potential clients. These events serve as valuable entry points for foreign suppliers into the German food service sector.
- Prominent international trade shows, including Anuga and Internorga,

- hold significant prestige and attract a global audience within the food industry.
- Α significant portion of the institutional food service market is serviced by catering companies, with Compass, Aramark, Sodexo, Klüh, and Apetito among the leading firms in Germany, providing catering services to corporate restaurants, healthcare facilities, retirement communities, educational institutions. and universities.

⁰⁶ Key brand tie-ups

Several international brands are expanding into the German/EU market through strategic partnerships with food service providers, retailers, and local manufacturers:

June 2020







Beyond Meat, entered into a co-manufacturing agreement with Zandbergen. The state-of-the-art facility owned and operated by Zandbergen will produce the Beyond Burger® and Beyond Sausage® and is intended to allow for more efficient distribution of Beyond Meat's products across Europe, the Middle East and Africa (EMEA). Beyond meat also entered into an agreement with REWE stores (1600 stores), one of the leading retailers in the country from 2023.

May 2022





The UK's leading meat alternative brand, **Quorn**, entered into multiple new European markets from 2022, starting in Germany with a partnership with **KFC**.



August 2022





Burger King Germany announced a collaboration with The Vegetarian Butcher in August 2022, which saw its plant-based options more than double. The chain now offers a meat-free version of almost every item on the menu. In August 2024, a company employee said that one in five Whoppers sold in Germany was plant-based.

January 2023











Singaporean food tech startup **TiNDLE Foods** has launched a line of new plant-based chicken products in 2,200 stores across Germany in collaboration with the country's largest retailer **EDEKA Group**, as well as a limited-time release at 4,200 **Netto stores**. It's also launched in restaurants across Berlin, Munich, Dusseldorf, and Stuttgart. They have also secured media advertising volumes in a media-for-equity deal with **SevenVentures**, the investment arm of Germany's largest media and digital company, **ProSiebenSat.1**. This deal will enable the startup to expand its marketing reach and broaden consumer education around the TiNDLE brand, and the growing category of plant-based foods, in addition to category innovation.

June 2024







Redefine Meat, founded in Israel, launched its entire chilled range at Germany's largest online vegan retailer, Velivery, which also delivers to Austria. They have already seen a highly successful food service launch in the DACH region (Germany, Austria, and Switzerland), with its products now available at over 700 restaurants, hotels, and more through Giraudi Meats.



07 Key distributors, manufacturers, and retailers



Zandbergen, a production partner based in the Netherlands, serves as the primary manufacturer of Beyond Meat products for the European market, including Germany.



Giraudi Meats, renowned for its exclusive, high-end meat offerings to Europe's food services sector, maintains a presence in over 30 countries, collaborating with more than 300 meat distributors and wholesalers. They manage pan-European sales, marketing, and distribution for their partner brands.



Genuport Trade GmbH, a leading importer and distributor of foods in Germany, sources well-established food brands from over 20 countries and manages their marketing and distribution within Germany.



GV Food Union is a food service company that caters to the catering, communal catering, and hotel industries. Their core objective is to foster and enhance collaboration between wholesalers and suppliers. Additionally, GV Food Union GmbH functions as a significant marketing partner for manufacturers.



Delimondo Handels GmbH & Co. KG (formerly Horace M. Ostwald e.K.) has specialized in importing select gourmet foods since 1959, serving clientele that includes leading five-star hotels, catering services, fine food stores, and other establishments.



BOS Food is a company that provides upscale and Michelinstarred restaurants with raw materials.





Intergast is a network of 40 medium-sized retailers operating wholesale markets across Germany, Austria, Switzerland, and Luxembourg at over 150 locations.



Servicebund is a group of wholesalers specializing in distributing a diverse range of food products. With numerous locations throughout Germany, Servicebund provides support to chefs at both national and local levels.



The EDEKA group is the largest German supermarket corporation, encompassing 4,100 stores that include supermarkets, hypermarkets, discount stores, and cash-and-carry stores. Their product range includes fruits, vegetables, meat, sausage, cheese, delicatessen items, fish products, juices, and frozen foods.



REWE, with over 3,800 stores, is a prominent food retail company in Germany.



Aldi, a supermarket chain with a presence in Germany, most of the EU, Australia, the UK, and the U.S., has approximately 4,100 stores in Germany.



The Schwarz Group, a multinational retail entity, operates stores in Germany under the Lidl and Kaufland brands, holding the distinction of being the largest retailer in Europe and the fourth-largest worldwide.



08 Regulatory overview

Legislative authority / Regulatory body

Several national and EU regulations regarding the import of food apply to Germany.

All EU member states accept the 'Community acquis,' i.e., the entire body of EU laws and obligations associated with the treaties and international agreements to which the EU is a party. EU Member states share a customs union, a single market where goods can move freely, a common trade policy, and a common agricultural and fisheries policy.

Three institutions are involved in developing policies and passing legislation that applies throughout the EU: the European Commission (EC), the Council of the European Union, and the European Parliament.

The European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) is responsible for providing scientific advice to legislators on matters related to food safety.

The Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture and the Federal Office of Consumer Protection and Food Safety oversee the enforcement of food safety regulations in Germany.

Food law

The General Food Law Regulation 178/2002

Labelling regulation

The Food Information to Consumers (FIC) Regulation <u>1169/2011</u> is the primary legislation for food labelling in the EU. It applies to all pre-packaged food and drink products marketed in the EU, including those imported from outside the EU. However, the FIC regulation allows the 27 EU member states to deviate from European rules.



To assist food business operators in complying with the EU's food labelling rules, the European Commission released a <u>Notice on Questions and Answers on the Application of Regulation 1169/2011</u> on the Provision of Food Information to Consumers.

Plant-based meat and dairy products

Under current EU law, specific terms, including 'milk' and 'yoghurt,' cannot be used for plant-based dairy, even if they are accompanied by qualifiers such as 'plant-based' or 'vegan.' This decision was confirmed in a <u>court ruling</u> from 2017. As of June 2025, the EC has put forward a <u>proposal</u> with a list of 29 'meat' terms to ban their use in the marketing of plant-based alternatives.

There is no comparable legal protection for meat or fish products at the EU level as there is for dairy products. Specific rules may be applicable at the EU-member state level. Without particular regulations, the designations customary in each member state must be determined on a case-by-case basis.

Fermentationderived and cultivated meat

Classified as novel food, novel fermentation-derived proteins and cultivated meat require pre-market authorisation per <u>the Novel Foods Regulation</u> (EU) 2015/2283.

EFSA has also released <u>'Guidance on the scientific requirements</u> for an application for authorisation of a novel food in the context of Regulation (EU)2015/2283.'

Genetically Modified Organism (GMO) regulation

Alternative protein products containing or consisting of a Genetically Modified Organism (GMO) are subject to GMO Regulation 1829/2003. Foods produced from a GMO may only be placed on the EU market after prior authorisation by the EC. A GMO authorisation has an initial validity of 10 years and is renewable. GMO-specific monitoring and labelling obligations apply.



Import-export portal or services (if any)

The EU has launched a new portal, <u>Access2Markets</u>, for exporters and importers to find detailed information on tariffs, rules of origin, product requirements, customs procedures and formalities, VAT/excise duties/sales taxes, trade barriers, and trade statistics.

Registration of business

Economic Operators Registration and Identification (EORI) number is a unique identifier assigned by EU customs authorities to businesses and individuals involved in import or export activities within the EU, essential for customs declarations and interactions with customs officials.

Tariff benefits

Since EU has adopted a 'Generalised System of Preferences' (GSP) for goods originating in India (India qualifies for the 'GSP Standard' category), there is a concessional rate of 5.5% (+Agricultural Component (EA)) applicable on goods being exported from India under the HSN. For the benefit to be available, various compliances (including certifications/ declarations) will be necessary to prove the origin of the product is from India under the Rules of Origin as applicable to GSP. The standard tariff is 9% + EA.

